

## 3.—Developed Water Power in Canada, by Provinces and Industries, as at Dec. 31, 1941

Province or Territory	Turbine Installation			
	In Central Electric Stations <sup>1</sup>	In Pulp and Paper Mills <sup>2</sup>	In Other Industries <sup>3</sup>	Total
	h. p.	h. p.	h. p.	h. p.
Prince Edward Island.....	579	Nil	2,038	2,617
Nova Scotia.....	104,868	18,858	15,491	139,217
New Brunswick.....	104,710	20,694	7,943	133,347
Quebec.....	4,145,318	273,022	138,603	4,556,943
Ontario.....	2,278,519	231,277	107,699	2,617,495
Manitoba.....	420,925	Nil	Nil	420,925
Saskatchewan.....	87,500	"	3,335	90,835
Alberta.....	69,920	"	2,077	71,997
British Columbia.....	629,286	105,950	53,527	788,763
Yukon and Northwest Territories.....	2,000	Nil	20,899	22,899
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>7,843,625</b>	<b>649,801</b>	<b>351,612</b>	<b>8,845,038</b>
Percentages of total installation.....	88.7	7.3	4.0	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Includes only hydro-electric stations that develop power for sale. <sup>2</sup> Includes only water power actually developed by pulp and paper companies. In addition to this turbine installation, pulp and paper companies have motor equipment for operation by hydro-electricity purchased from central electric stations aggregating more than 1,315,000 h.p., making a total of more than 1,965,000 h.p. actually developed for the manufacture of pulp and paper. Large amounts of electricity are normally purchased for use in electric boilers rated at more than 1,750,000 h.p., but much of this power is now diverted to primary war uses. <sup>3</sup> Includes only water power actually developed in connection with industries other than the central electric station and pulp and paper industries. These industries also purchase power from central electric stations.

## PROGRESS OF WATER POWER DEVELOPMENT IN CANADA

DECEMBER 31, 1900 TO 1941

